

5. श्रमिकों/प्रबन्धकों के प्रतिनिधि अपने साथ सलाहकार लाने के हकदार होंगे जिनकी प्रत्येक केस में गिनतीं अधिकतम 2 हो सकती हैं परन्तु इन सलाहकारों को यात्रा/दैनिक भत्ते नहीं मिलेंगे।

6. इस समिति की अवधि इस अधिसूचना के हरियाणा सरकार के राजपत्र में छपने की तिथि से 2 वर्ष होगी और जब अध्यक्ष आवश्यक समझेगा तो समिति की बैठक बुलाई जाएगी।

एम० सेठ,

वित्तायुक्त एवं सचिव, हरियाणा सरकार,
श्रम तथा रोजगार विभाग।

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

The 4th January, 1985

No. 9(16)-83-5HB-II.—Whereas the Governor of Haryana is satisfied that the State of Haryana is threatened with an out break of dangerous epidemic disease, namely, Malaria and the ordinary provision of law for the time being in force are insufficient for the purpose. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Governor of Haryana hereby makes the following regulations, namely:—

1. These regulations may be called the Haryana Epidemic Diseases (Malaria) Regulation, 1983.

2. In these regulations unless the context otherwise requires:—

(a) "Epidemic Disease" means Malaria.

(b) "Passive Surveillance Centre" means any place which may be declared by the Deputy Commissioner concerned in exercise of the powers conferred upon him to be a passive surveillance centre.

(c) "Inspecting Officer" means a person appointed by the Director, Health Services or the Chief Medical Officer concerned to be an Inspecting Officer.

3. An Inspecting Officer who is unavoidably prevented from discharging all or any of the functions may by order in writing appoint any Medical Officer, Biologist, Assistant Entomologist, Entomological Assistant, Assistant Malaria Officer, Assistant Unit Officer (Malaria and Smallpox), Health Supervisor (Malaria), Senior Malaria Inspector, Senior Sanitary Inspector, Malaria Inspector, Health Inspector/ Surveillance Inspector/Sanitary Inspector, Basic Health Worker, Superior Field Worker, Multipurpose Workers, Surveillance Worker to discharge such functions and every official so appointed shall so far as such functions are concerned be deemed for the purpose of these regulations to be an inspecting officer.

4. An inspecting officer may enter any premises for the purpose of fever surveillance, treatment, anti-larval measures or spray. He may also authorise other persons of his team to enter such premises along with him, as he considers necessary.

5. An inspecting officer may put to any person any question he thinks fit, in order to ascertain whether there is any reason to believe or suspect that such person is or may be suffering from Malaria and such person shall give answer truly to question so put to him.

6. Whereas a result of such inspection or examination or otherwise the Inspecting Officer considers that there is reason to believe or suspect that such person is or may be infected with Malaria the Inspecting Officer may direct such person to give his blood slide for examination and to take such treatment as the Inspecting Officer may consider necessary. In case of a minor, such order shall be directed to the guardian or any other adult member of the family of the minor.

7. The Inspecting Officer may order any premises to be sprayed with insecticides or interdomestic water collection to be treated with larvicides.

8. These regulations shall come into force at once and shall remain in force upto 31st December, 1985.

M. SETH,

Financial Commissioner and
Secretary to Government, Haryana
Health Department.